

The New Era.

DEVOTED TO NEWS, POLITICS, LITERATURE, SCIENCE, EDUCATION AND AGRICULTURE.

"GIVE ME THE LIBERTY TO KNOW, TO UTTER, AND TO ARGUE FREELY, ACCORDING TO CONSCIENCE, ABOVE ALL OTHER LIBERTY."

VOL. VIII. NO. 28.

NEWMARKET, C. W., FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1859.

WHOLE NO. 387.

Business Directory.

John T. Stokes,
COMMISSIONER for taking Affidavits in the Court of Queen's Bench for the Counties of York and Peel, Conveyancer, &c., &c., &c.
Office at Yonge Street.
Aldrich, 25th May, 1859. (f-16)

W. HOSLEY,
CONVEYANCER AND LAND AGENT,
Commissioner of the Queen's Bench.
Office at Yonge Street.
Aldrich, 25th May, 1859. (f-17)

J. SEXTON,
WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket.
Repaired in order, and Warranted.
Newmarket, September 9, 1853. (f-32)

BIBLE DEPOSITORY.

BIBLES and Testaments can be had at Society's prices, upon application to Thomas Dixon, at the Bible Depository, opposite Howitt's Hotel.
Newmarket, March 26, 1856. (f-10)

GEORGE B. HUTCHCROFT,
Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker,
Main Street Newmarket. All Orders executed with Dispatch.
Newmarket, Feb. 6, 1856. (f-vol)

New Wagon and Carriage Shop.

THE undersigned respectfully intimates to his friends and the public generally that he has lately opened
WAGON AND CARRIAGE SHOP.
In his new shop, situated in the new building, near the Catholic Church, where he is prepared to execute all orders with dispatch, and with neatness and despatch.
Call and examine the work and hear the prices before purchasing elsewhere.
Newmarket, May 29, 1856. (f-17)

ROBERT MURRAY,
Newmarket, May 29, 1856. (f-17)

DR. BENTLEY,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
NEWMARKET.
Office—West Street, east of Main Street.
Feb. 20, 1857. (f-3)

ARMSTRONG HOUSE,
ADJOINING THE RAILWAY DEPOT.
And near House to the Standard Landing,
COLLINGWOOD.
July 3, 1857. (f-22)

Just Printed,
AND for sale at this Office, BLANK ACCOUNT BOOKS, adapted to the use of Ministers of all Denominations. Price in per dozen, or 633 per 100.
Newmarket, March 26, 1857. (f-10)

RAILROAD HOTEL,
NEW MARKET.
THE proprietor having again resumed the above HOTEL, respectfully intimates to the travelling public that he is now prepared for the reception of guests. The Hotel contains Lodgings of the best quality, and is under the supervision of the best of the Larder well supplied.
JAS. FORSYTH.
Newmarket, Oct. 14, 1857. (f-37)

NEWMARKET IRON FOUNDRY.
JAMES LLAN begs to return thanks for past favors, and to intimate that he is prepared to take orders for all kinds of castings, including SUGAR KETTLES, MACHINERY, CASTINGS, and other articles usually required in his line of business.
Number of SUGAR KETTLES, and other articles, on hand for sale.
Newmarket, February 10th 1851. (f-1)

PURE COD LIVER OIL,
Can be Obtained at
Dr. NASIP'S Medical Hall,
NEWMARKET.

HAD just received a large supply; also, the Genuine Horse's Indian Root Pills, Holloway's Ointment, and Pills, Holloway's Relief, Pain Killer, Peppermint, and other articles usually required in his line of business.
The eye is warranted genuine from the respective proprietors.
Newmarket, March 25th, 1853. (f-6)

Present, Presents.
JUST RECEIVED, at this Office, a splendid assortment of BOOKS, STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS, suitable for Birthday Presents. Call for inspection—call and see.
NEW OFFICE.
Newmarket, Nov. 25, 1858. (f-16)

SELECT PREPARATORY SCHOOL.
On the 1st of January 1859, Mrs. Hooper, wife of Mr. Joseph Hooper, will prepare children under years of age, (with her own little boys) for the entrance into the above school.
For terms, &c., apply at her residence, Main Street.
Newmarket, Dec. 30th, 1858. (f-16)

S. M. Jarvis,
Barister and Solicitor in Chancery
VICTORIA HALL—TORONTO.

BRANCH OFFICE at Newmarket conducted by J. L. GARRISON, Esq.
Newmarket, Feb. 21, 1859. (f-13)

BLANK ACCOUNT BOOKS.
A LOT of Blank Account Books, with Ledgers, Pay-Books, &c., ruled for Double and Single Entry, for sale cheap. Apply at the
NEW ERA OFFICE.
Newmarket, November 29th, 1859. (f-16)

Business Directory.

John T. Stokes,
ARCHITECT &c., &c., &c., Canada West.
Sharon, Jan. 25, 1850. (f-51)

GEO. HUGHES,
COMMISSIONER for taking Affidavits in the Court of Queen's Bench for the Counties of York and Peel, Conveyancer, &c., &c., &c.
Brownville, April, 1857. (f-14)

T. Bishop & Son,
BRICKLAYERS, Plasterers and Stone Masons.
Doulton in Lime, &c., &c.
Main Street, Newmarket, May 7, 1857. (f-14)

A. DOULTREE,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., &c., &c.
Newmarket, Oct. 30th, 1855. (f-36)

R. MOORE,
BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney, Conveyancer, &c., &c., &c.
Office in the New Court, Toronto, next to the County Council Office, Toronto.
Toronto, June 5, 1857. (f-36)

JOHN R. JONES,
BARRISTER-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., &c., &c.
Office in Elgin Building, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto.
Toronto, June 20, 1855. (f-31)

NORTH RICHARDSON,
CONVEYANCER, Land Agent, &c., &c., &c.
Office in the Queen's Bench, Office—Old Main Street, Prospect St. Patents of Inventions procured.
Newmarket, 1855. (f-1)

INTERNATIONAL
Life Assurance Society of London,
Capital—Half-a-Million Sterling.
ROBERT H. SMITH, Agent.
Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1855. (f-41)

DR. PYNE,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has REMOVED to his new premises on Graham Street, opposite the Western Factory, where he may be consulted at all hours, except when absent on professional business.
Newmarket, May 14, 1856. (f-13)

DR. HACKETT,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, &c.
RESIDENCE—Prospect Street, (Graham St.)
Newmarket. (f-13)

ROBERT BRODIE,
BUILDER, &c., &c., &c.
I am returning thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed during the past few years, and especially intimate that he is now prepared to contract for the
ERECTOR OF BUILDINGS,
and when required, find all materials. Shop on Water Street.
Newmarket, Oct. 30th, 1855. (f-36)

E. D. ROGERS,
JONES AND CARPENTER,
I am returning thanks for the liberal patronage conferred during the past few years, and especially intimate that he is now prepared to contract for the
ERECTOR OF BUILDINGS,
and when required, find all materials. Shop on Water Street.
Newmarket, Oct. 30th, 1855. (f-36)

William B. Sullivan,
BARRISTER and Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, &c., &c., &c.
Office—No. 2, Toronto, next door south of Post Office, Toronto, &c., &c., &c.
November 4th, 1858. (f-39)

RYAN & HALL,
CIVIL ENGINEERS,
AND
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYORS.
Office—Newmarket, County of York.
JOHN RYAN. S. W. HALL.
December 23, 1856. (f-47)

Dr. J. HACKETT,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.
RESIDENCE—MAPLE. (f-27)

A. J. McCRACKEN,
CARRIAGE MAKER.
I am returning thanks for past favors, and now intimate to his friends that he has on hand a general assortment of
CARRIAGES,
Which, for neatness and durability, cannot be surpassed.
WESTERN CANADA!
All Wood-Work Warranted. Repairing done in a neat and substantial manner.
Newmarket, July 1st, 1857. (f-11)

W. BOWDEN,
Carpenter, Joiner, Cabinet and Venetian Blind Maker,
Main St. Newmarket.

ALL orders punctually attended to, and charges moderate.
Newmarket, Aug. 18, 1858. (f-28)

Hides! Hides! Hides!
THE Subscriber is prepared to pay CASH for Hides.
THOMAS NIXON.
Newmarket, Dec. 30th, 1858. (f-13)

TO LET,
THE Excellent New Store, in the Village of Church Hill—situated from the Village Station. There are no stores in the neighborhood; there were three formerly, in the Village. Enquire of
JAMES SLOAN.
Church Hill, April 25, 1859. (f-11)

Lime, Lime!
JUST RECEIVED, a Cargo of Fresh Rockdale Lime, for sale Cheap for Cash, at the Newmarket Station.
T. BOTSFOORD.
Newmarket, June 3, 1859. (f-16)

Business Directory.

Mr. ESTEN,
NOTARY Public, Provincial Land Surveyor, Conveyancer, and Agent for the Life Association of Scotland.
MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.
December 1st, 1859. (f-33)

UNITY FIRE & UNITY
GENERAL INSURANCE ASSOCIATIONS,
OF ENGLAND.
Capital, 22,000,000 Sterling.
J. W. MARSDEN, Agent Newmarket.
Oct. 23, 1858. (f-33)

David G. Howey,
Hoits, Sign, Carriage and Ornamental Painter.
MILL-ST., NEWMARKET.

SHOP—Adjoining With Cat Hotel, where orders will be received and promptly executed.
Newmarket, Oct. 27, 1858. (f-37)

Razors, Scissors and Knives,
GROUND and set, on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms, by
G. A. WALLACE.
Barber Shop, 2 Doors North of M. W. Bogart's Store, Newmarket, November 10th, 1859. (f-39)

Lessons in Music.
MISS SMITH, Organist of the Congregational Church, gives instruction on the Piano Forte and Melodion.
RESIDENCE—NORTH PARK.
Newmarket, November 10th, 1858. (f-39)

Dr. D. E. SEYMOUR,
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
OFFICE—West side Main St., near the New Era building, Newmarket, C. W.
July 7, 1859. (f-21)

SIMPSON & DUNSPACH,
No. 35, King St., East Toronto.
IMPORTERS, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
Faints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs,
Culors, Varnishes, Brushes,
Spirits, Perfumery,
Patent Dyes, Zinc Paints,
Acids, &c., &c., &c.
Toronto, July 29th, 1859. (f-23)

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY,
Chartered by Act of Parliament.
Capital 100,000.
Home Office Toronto.
President, I. O. GILMAN.
Vice President, THOS. HAYWARD.
DIRECTORS:
GEORGE MITCHELL, W. HENDERSON,
JAMES BEATY, RICK LEWIS,
WALTER MACFARLANE, T. P. ROBERTS.

ANGUS MORRISON, Solicitor.
ROBT. STANTON, Secy. & Treasr.
The Subscriber has been duly appointed Agent in Newmarket, for the above Company, and will give personal attention to parties desirous of effecting insurance &c.
Newmarket, Feb. 17, 1854. (f-2)

Pure Liquors and Rich Wines.
THE attention of Medical Men, Invalids and Connoisseurs is respectfully invited to the stock of
Honey's Brandy,
Rich Old Port,
Holland's Gin,
Fine Tolly Whiskey,
Dublin Porter, &c., &c., &c.
For Sale by the Subscriber.
JOHN BENTLEY.
Main Street, Newmarket, June 25, 1857. (f-21)

NEW GOODS! CHEAP GOODS!!
THE Subscriber, in addition to the Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c., purchased from Mr. Cavilish, which he is selling at greatly reduced prices, is now receiving a
NEW STOCK,
purchased in the best markets, which he offers at small advance.
JOHN BENTLEY.
Main St., Newmarket, June 25, 1857. (f-21)

Just Received,
AT the "New Era Office," a general assortment of Pens, Penholders, Pocket Inkstands, &c., together with a large Stock of Note, Letter, Foolscap and Fancy Writing Paper, Envelopes, &c., &c., &c.
Newmarket, Aug. 11, 1858. (f-38)

CAKES! CAKES!
CAKES of all description, can now be had cheap, at the Newmarket Bakery, nearly opp site the Era Office.
W. LEIBETTER.
Newmarket, Dec. 3, 1858. (f-45)

G. Mortimer,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.
AUBURN.

A FRESH supply of Drugs, Chemicals, Medicines, &c., &c., &c.
Aurora, March 16, 1859. (f-45)

LOOK HERE!
If You Want a Good
CARRIAGE,
CALL AT
A. J. McCRACKEN'S,
WHERE you can always find a superior article, with all the late improvements, including a SELF-OILING BOX.
Lately patented, which prevents the necessity of greasing the wheel to oil your Carriage. Simple in its construction—can be easily attached to Wagons or Carriages, at a small cost.
Call and examine, and satisfy yourselves of its utility.
Newmarket, March 22, 1859. (f-4)

W. C. ADAMS,
Doctor of Dental Surgery,
HAS commenced practice at this Office, No. 66, King Street East, where he may be consulted in all cases relative to his profession.
Particular attention given to the regulation of children's Teeth.
CONSULTATIONS FREE.
All work Warranted.
Toronto, June 5th, 1859. (f-6)

MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS,
Of all description, on hand for sale. Apply at
NEW ERA OFFICE.
Newmarket, June 9, 1859. (f-16)

Poetry.

"She's only Grief Before."
BY C. J. JARVIS.

Come drop these tears, my Mother dear,
Why they do fall and fall
But thou dost not still some flowers here,
Thou' one has gone before!

My dear is living still,
You were a sweet darling child;
And from from every earthly ill,
By heavenly angels beguiled.

Ah! dearest Father, dear that brow,
Nor brood thy sorrow o'er;
Do not love thee dearest, now
That one has gone before!

Mary dear is living still,
They were a sweet darling child;
And from from every earthly ill,
By heavenly angels beguiled.

Come Sister, Brother, let us pray,
That death will not a rebel be;
And may our footsteps lead the way
To one who's gone before.

Mary dear is living still,
They were a sweet darling child;
And from from every earthly ill,
By heavenly angels beguiled.

And thou, poor heart, whose faithful love,
Is blighted in the core;
May meet again in heaven above,
She's only grief before.

Mary dear is living still,
They were a sweet darling child;
And from from every earthly ill,
By heavenly angels beguiled.

Oh, for the bright and chaste hours,
When life is grand and gay;
My spirit caught from earth and sky
The light of every beam.

When I see thy laughing eye,
When I see thy laughing eye,
When I see thy laughing eye,
When I see thy laughing eye.

How many beautiful memories
Still gently through my mind,
Like sweet voices long ago,
Upon the wakening wind.

And as thoughts lead me back again,
I almost seem to trace
In each sweet flower, and shrub, and tree,
Some fond, familiar face!

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The Old-Fashioned Mother.

Old-Fashioned Mothers have nearly all passed away with the blue check and homespun woolen of a simpler but purer time. Here and there one remains, but "accomplished," in heart and life, for the sphere of home.

Old-fashioned mothers—God bless them! who followed us with heart and prayer all over the world—lived in our lives and sorrowed in our griefs; who knew more about patching than poetry; spoke no dialect but low; never preached nor wandered; "made melody with their hearts," and sent forth no books but living volumes, that honored their authors and blessed the world.

And how can we leave that spot, without remembering one form, that occupied, in days gone by, "the old arm chair;" that old-fashioned MOTHER—one in all the world the law of whose life was love; one who was the divinity of our infancy, and the sacred presence in the shrine of our first earthly idolatry; one whose heart is far below the frosts that gather so thickly on her brow; one to whom we never grow old, but, in "the plumed troop," or the grave council, are children still; one who welcomed us coming, bled us going, and never forgets us—never!

And when in some closet, some drawer, some corner, she finds a garment or a toy that once was yours, how does she weep, as she thinks you might be suffering or sad.

And when Spring
"Leaves her robes on the trees,"
does she not remember your tree, and wish you were there to see its glory?

TORNADOES.—On Tuesday, 28th June, we learn from a correspondence in the Globe, a tremendous tornado swept through the Township of Melancthon, from the north west, sweeping out a lane through the bush, and carrying barns, houses, and fences away with it like chaff. Its greatest fury was confined to a very narrow strip, not over a quarter of a mile in width, within which every thing was levelled as if a mighty catract had rushed through it. Some families had suffered dreadfully. One poor man has lost all his house and barn being levelled to the last log, and his broadcast over the fields; some of the heaviest timber being moved more than eight rods, whilst everything in the inside was crushed and torn to pieces. Yet, wonderful to relate, he himself, his wife, and three or four children, all within doors at the time, escaped with their lives, although some of them were badly hurt. So far as known no lives had been lost. The storm occurred about midnight, and rain, which, though short in duration, was furious while it lasted. The barque "Sunshine," 600 tons burden, was caught by it about 2 p.m., when in the middle of the Lake off Fairport, and melancholy to relate, the captain and his three children, the mate, the cook, and three crew were swept overboard and drowned. The captain's wife and the rest of the crew were saved, after clinging to the wreck for 17 hours. The barque "Star" was capsized, near Cleveland, and the first and second mate drowned. On land, in Cleveland and its vicinity, the storm reigned with great fury. The upper story of a brick house in Cleveland was blown off, causing the death of a boy on whom it fell.

We protest against this pretended zeal of Mr. Postmaster General Smith in the cause of Agriculture, temperance, and science. It is based on hypocrisy and humbug, and is to be revealed by the people as a pious attempt to extend the circulation of such publications as are the State-subsidized journals of education and agriculture, to the exclusion of the regular newspapers, which depend upon the public and not upon the State for their support. These Government-subsidized journals of the regular public journals of the country can have no just claim to any such preference being extended to them, while it is manifest that whatever benefit they may derive from it, is obtained at the expense of

The Old-Fashioned Mother.

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Old-fashioned mothers—God bless them! who followed us with heart and prayer all over the world—lived in our lives and sorrowed in our griefs; who knew more about patching than poetry; spoke no dialect but low; never preached nor wandered; "made melody with their hearts," and sent forth no books but living volumes, that honored their authors and blessed the world.

And how can we leave that spot, without remembering one form, that occupied, in days gone by, "the old arm chair;" that old-fashioned MOTHER—one in all the world the law of whose life was love; one who was the divinity of our infancy, and the sacred presence in the shrine of our first earthly idolatry; one whose heart is far below the frosts that gather so thickly on her brow; one to whom we never grow old, but, in "the plumed troop," or the grave council, are children still; one who welcomed us coming, bled us going, and never forgets us—never!

And when in some closet, some drawer, some corner, she finds a garment or a toy that once was yours, how does she weep, as she thinks you might be suffering or sad.

And when Spring
"Leaves her robes on the trees,"
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those journals which are burdened with Mr. Sidney Smith's new postage charge. We file our protest, then, against this attempt to interfere with the liberty of the press, by favoring the Government-subsidized journals, and taxing these depending upon the public for their support, but we do so without the smallest hope of inducing its abandonment. Such petty-darney schemes are to congenial to the minds of Mr. Smith and his colleagues—and, as wicked old Wolcott most truly said—
You can't brow beat a burgundy of your small beer,
Nor make a silk purse of a sow's ear!

—Montreal Herald.
IS A RAILWAY RETURN TICKET GOOD FOR MORE THAN TWO DAYS?—A rather strange scene took place on the Grand Trunk Railroad between Toronto and Brampton, on Tuesday last. Jesse Ketchum, Esq., Junior, of Orangeville, bought a return ticket at Brampton for Toronto, but did not use it to return until after the second day had expired. On the conductor going through the cars to examine the tickets, Mr. Ketchum handed him his return ticket. The conductor, on looking at the date of it, observed that the two days had expired, and kept possession of it, and demanded of Mr. Ketchum another fare, which he refused to pay, stating that the ticket had nothing on it to inform him that it was only good for two days. The conductor then informed him that he must either pay his fare or leave the

New Advertisements.

Sugar 1 Sugar—Simpson & Trent.
The Great English Remedy—Northrop & Moore.
The Globe—Gen. Brown.
Information Wanted—Patrick O'Connor.
House and Lot for Sale—Thomas Brown.
Card—W. C. Adams.
New Era Book Store—E. Jackson.
Our Progress Trade—S. A. Harding.
Country (Hunting) School—S. A. Harding.
Caution—James Brecken.

Train Time—Newmarket.

Movino South.
Accommodation Train - - - 8:41 a.m.
Mail Train - - - 8:41 p.m.
Movino North.
Mail Train - - - 9:07 a.m.
Accommodation Train - - - 6:55 p.m.

Mr. JOHN FITCHELL.

Is a duly authorized Traveling Agent for this office. He will take care of all subscribers and others who have standing accounts in this office. In the adjoining Township, during the coming month, and we confidently trust they will be prepared to settle the amounts now due.

E. JACKSON.
New Era Office, Newmarket, July 19, 1859.

According to the New Law, publishers are compelled to pre-pay newspapers forwarded to subscribers in the United States. To those friends in this locality who send papers to their friends in the United States, we beg to state that until notice is received to the contrary the postage will be prepaid by us and added to the subscription list. Those who do not desire this, will please inform this office immediately.

The New Era.

Newmarket, Friday, July 22, 1859.

General Summary.

The Holland Landing and Sharon Cricket Club are to play a friendly game on Tuesday next, on the ground of the former Club. The day will no doubt be spent very pleasantly.

The *Poker* comes to this week considerably improved in appearance, and having a very excellent designed frontpiece. In reading matter it retains its former character.

Messrs. Long & Sheppard, of Aurora, are now engaged extensively in the manufacture of the best description of Matches we have seen in this part of the country. Country merchants and grocers would do well to order from them.

By the arrival on Monday, of the authority of the London *Advertiser* we have the rumor that Mr. Cobden is likely to succeed Sir E. B. Esdaile as Governor General of Canada. There is not much danger of a liberal man as Mr. Cobden being sent to Canada in that capacity.

The "Union Mills" at St. Catharines, were all destroyed by fire on the morning of the 15th inst. The loss is estimated at \$50,000. The mills were insured for \$15,000; and the produce and other property, owned by the Lessees, fully insured.

The Teachers and children in connection with the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Newmarket, are holding a Pic Nic in Mr. Millard's beautiful grove, on Tuesday next. Proceedings to commence at one o'clock. The friends of the Sabbath School are cordially invited to attend. Admission free.

We regret to learn that Mr. Sheppard, the news-carrier on the Northern R. R., slipped from the platform, while attempting to get on board the excursion train on Tuesday last, and fell between the cars. One of his arms was taken off at the shoulder, and his body otherwise bruised. The unfortunate man is a brother to the individual who lost a leg in a similar manner last year.

We beg to remind the Teachers of Common Schools, and friends of education generally, that the Quarterly Meeting of the Teachers' Association will be held in the Common School House tomorrow, (Saturday), commencing at 10 o'clock a.m. During the day, several Essays will be read, and methods of teaching various branches, illustrated.

Mr. M. W. Bogart fancies we often complain without reason, or rather "we find fault without cause." He will point out an instance—on a single instance, then we will acknowledge the coin. In reference to the butter trade, it is pretty evident we were correct, for now that farmers want sugar for their butter to make preserves and sauces, the prices have fallen to 7 1/2, and certainly to very great supply came into Newmarket from Friday to Tuesday morning. It is an easy matter to make the assertion that a man is wrong in sentiment or action; but proof of the fact would be more satisfactory.

A man of intemperate habits, but whose name we did not learn, had a very narrow escape of his life one day last week. It appears he had found rather too intimate an acquaintance with John Barclay, and, in a state of inebriety, had himself down to rest upon the Railroad track, with the side of one of the rails for a pillow. Fortunately, however, the engineer discovered him just in time to stop the train within three yards of where he was lying. The conductor then aroused him and ordered the whiskey jug by side him to be broken. At this the lover of "a wee drop" became very indignant, when some one on the train gave him the benefit of a couple of pecks of cold water, which related his equilibrium, and caused him to "swish-off." He did not get on the ship "look-out" of the engineer, the unfortunate fellow would undoubtedly have been killed.

From the Report received through the kindness of Rev. Mr. McFadden, we gather the following particulars regarding the Mission work of the Wesleyan Methodist Church in Canada:—The Society had under its management 25 Indian Missions in Canada and the Hudson's Bay Territory, 129 Domestic Missions among the New Settlers, 129 Domestic Missions among the Settlers of Canada East, 55 Missions to Indians, 163 Missions to Whites and French, including 25 under the charge of 20 Day Schools, 3 Industrial Institutions, 30 Teachers, 12 Interpreters, and 1 Printing Establishment. There have been conducted many Sabbath Schools, and many Bible Classes for Youth, and there have been many valuable gratuitous labors performed on the Mission by many leaders, workers, local preachers, exhorters and Sabbath School teachers, and their labors have not been in vain in the Lord. There were 1767 Indian Members of the Church last year, being an increase of 329. There were 17,725 White and French Members—increased 2,855. In addition to the contingent expenses of management, travelling, printing, supplies for schools, mission buildings, and furniture, and special allowances for affliction, the Society maintained wholly or in part 150 Missions last year, and supported 220 Agents.

Holland Landing.

The inhabitants of the above Village held a public meeting at Mr. McClure's Hotel, on Thursday evening, the 13th inst., to take into consideration the propriety of obtaining an Act of Incorporation for that place.

W. D. McCleod, Esq., Reeve of East Gwillimbury, was called to the chair; and Mr. Clark requested to act as Secretary.

The chairman then read the notice calling the meeting, and briefly stated the object in

view; after which he called upon any present to offer remarks, or propose resolutions.

Mr. McClure then rose to propose the first resolution, as follows:

Resolved—"That this meeting consider it necessary and expedient that the Village of Holland Landing should be incorporated."

Mr. McClure, in offering the foregoing resolution, observed that, he proposed it to test the feeling of the meeting. When he looked at the Villages of Newmarket and Bradford, he found that since they had been incorporated, there had been evident and manifest signs of progress and prosperity. Besides, the Village paid largely to the Township Funds, and received but little in return. He believed statistics would bear him out in affirming, that while they contributed about \$200 annually to the Township, they only received about \$10 in return. Mr. McClure then observed, that on his request, a couple of gentlemen from Newmarket were present, (Dr. Hunter, and Mr. E. Jackson,) who could inform the meeting of the advantages and disadvantages of Incorporation of that place, which, perhaps, would enable them at Holland Landing to form an opinion.

Dr. Hunter was then called upon, who said—as he had been intimated by the previous speaker, he had been requested to attend this meeting. When Newmarket was applying for an Act of Incorporation, there were two parties—one party desirous of continuing the connection with the Township of Whitelchurch, and another, who, although their taxes might be increased thereby, were conscious that the money raised within the limits would be applied for local purposes. He would not wish to be understood as either advocating or opposing the Incorporation of Holland Landing; but he would tell them the experience of Newmarket, and if they were now in an analogous position to what that Village was, they then might draw their own conclusion. Newmarket contributed about \$500 and upwards, to the Township Treasury annually, and only received in return about \$120. We found that the tavern and shop Licenses alone would pay all expenses, and leave us a balance; and then if we wanted improvements beyond what the statute law would make, it could be raised by a rate upon the assessable property of the Village. But vain and ambitious or selfish men might obtain the reins of power, and make expenditures that would lead to burdensome taxation. To meet the views of large property holders opposed to the Charter, we had a saving clause inserted in the Act, to the effect that the Council could not, in any one year, raise by taxation, an amount exceeding 50 cts. in the \$, annually, without a direct vote of two-thirds of the rateable inhabitants. The Village had been incorporated two years; and very few, if any, would now like to go back to the Township. Last year, we made about \$900 in improvements; and if we take into consideration what we usually paid for commutation of statute labor, our taxes were not increased. We are now placed in this position—if we want improvements we can tax ourselves and make them; if we do not, there is no necessity of levying taxes at all, for the License fees from taverns and shops, will more than pay all the working expenses. As Mr. McClure remarked, since the Village had become incorporated considerable improvements had been made, and the public generally were quite well satisfied, that forming themselves into a separate municipality had been a benefit. However, Village Corporations had considerable power, and it becomes the people to choose wise and prudent men to manage affairs.

Mr. E. Jackson, being called upon said, as to matter of fact, he did not know that he could add anything to what Dr. Hunter had said, beyond this, that while Newmarket was connected with the Township, the moneys raised in the place, at least a considerable proportion, were expended in making roads leading to other villages, and thereby diverting trade from its legitimate channel. It might be so with this place, or might not. In reference to the course to be pursued, he remarked, that if they desired an Act with a saving clause, similar to what Newmarket had, they could not obtain it until after another session of the Legislature. They would require, too, 750 inhabitants, and 100 resident rate-payers on the roll, within their proposed limits. When obtaining a Charter for Newmarket, a committee was appointed to canvass the Village for names to a petition—ascertain the number of inhabitants, and who were opposed and in favor of the Village having such a Charter. Notice was then issued in the *Era* that application would be made to the next session of the Legislature, and through our member, Mr. Hartman, we got the Act passed. As Dr. Hunter observed, very few indeed would be in favor of returning back to our former position, in connection with Whitelchurch. More improvements were made last year, than for five years previous, without increased taxation. So far for Newmarket. Whether the people of Holland Landing bore the same relation to East Gwillimbury as we did to Whitelchurch, he left them to judge.

T. Wilson, Esq., was the next to address the meeting. He said a few had been talking about the progress of Newmarket and Bradford since getting Incorporated, and finally the subject turned upon procuring an Act for Holland Landing. Then they concluded to call the people together this evening to consider the matter. He did not expect they would be able to compete with Newmarket; but to his certain knowledge, the Village contributed three times more to the Township than they received in return as a grant. Other parts of the Township were talking about doing away with the Wards in the Township; and if this was done, Holland Landing would fare worse than hitherto. We never get our due as it is; but abolish the Wards and our prospects of obtaining anything is less. If we had a little of the energy of Newmarket, with our facilities and advantages, the Village would soon grow to a place of importance. He certainly for one, felt obliged to Dr. Hunter and Mr. Jackson, for the candid remarks they had made, and for the information they had communicated. The first thing now to be done was, to ascertain if the people were united in this matter.

The above resolution was put and adopted unanimously.

Mr. McClure then moved, seconded by Mr. Ayer, that a committee composed of Messrs. J. Parsons, T. Wilson, McCleod, Croxon, Ambrose, Thorne, Clark, and Sheppard, be appointed to canvass the Village, in order to ascertain the number of inhabitants and rate-payers—fix the boundaries, and collect such other information as may be deemed necessary, and report to a future meeting.—Carried.

After passing a vote of thanks to Dr. Hunter and Mr. Jackson, for their kindness in attending the meeting, and giving them the benefit of the experience of Newmarket, and also to the Chairman, the meeting broke up.

East Gwillimbury Council.

The above Council met at the Mansion House, Sharon, on Saturday last. All the members present; the Reeve, W. D. McCleod, Esq., in the chair.

Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed. The Clerk then read a communication from the Receiver General's Office, stating that \$368.84 cts, Clergy Reserve Money, awaited the order of the Municipality. Also, from Mr. G. Holborn, with a receipt for Clergy Reserve money interest in his hands, showing said money to have been paid over to Trustees of Union S. S. No. 2, with North Gwillimbury. Also, from Mr. A. Sutherland, stating that his assessment had been altered since the Assessor's slip had been left with him.

A petition was presented from Mr. James Ayward and others, praying for a commutation of part of their statute labor, for the next four years, in the Village of Queensville, to enable the inhabitants to construct sidewalks.

Also, a petition from A. McMaster, Esq., and others at Holland Landing, was presented, praying for aid from the Township to support Michael Carl, a pauper.

A report was read from the Commissioner, appointed to expend statute labor commutation money in Queensville, for the years 1858 and 1859, showing an excess of expenditure of \$245 cts. over and above receipts.

On motion of Mr. Eves, seconded by Mr. Souls, the Council resolved itself into a Committee of the whole on the communications, petitions, and reports. Mr. G. Stokes in the chair.

The first thing before the Committee was the petition from Queensville, relative to commutation of statute labor.

On motion of Mr. Souls, seconded by Mr. Eves, the prayer was granted.

The petition of Mr. McMaster and others, relative to granting aid to Michael Carl, was the next order.

Mr. McCleod stated this was a painful case, and the man had been supported for some time by a few individuals. He was really a destitute person, and had to depend upon charity for his daily bread.

Mr. Nichols thought, to grant aid to such characters would be a bad precedent, and if it was granted in this case, there would be plenty of applications.

Mr. McCleod said, he was aware of the precedent; but it was hard to see a man lay in the streets and die, when he could be helped by the Council; and if no relief was granted by the Council this would be the case, unless some of the inhabitants supported and took care of him.

Mr. Souls said the only objection was—it was a bad precedent. He thought the Council should provide for such characters.

Mr. McCleod replied, he was aware that it was properly the duty of the Council to do so; but as the Council had no such place, something ought to be done for the poor man.

Mr. Eves said he was satisfied if the application was granted, there would be three or four at next meeting. He therefore moved that the prayer of the petition be not granted. Carried.

The Report of the Queensville Commissioners for 1858 and 1859 was then adopted as satisfactory.

The Clerk was empowered to make the matter of assessment of A. Sutherland correct—and the matter was thus disposed of.

In reference to the communication from the Receiver General's Office, quite a spirited discussion arose, as to what should be done with the money. Some wanted to put it out at interest on mortgages, others desired to purchase Provincial or Municipal Debentures. The following is a brief synopsis:—

Mr. Stokes was of opinion that the moneys as fast as collected in, should be expended in the purchase of Debentures, which would be in strict accordance with law. He was satisfied the course heretofore pursued by this Council was illegal.

Mr. Souls said we should place the money out to make the most of it. The way the old Council had managed this fund gave general satisfaction; and if we could not invest it to as good advantage for the people, we should withdraw, and let the old members come back to the Board.

Mr. Stokes said, the way the old Council had transacted the business was illegal; and he should never sanction an act that might eventually involve himself or the Township in difficulty.

Mr. Eves said, the Council, as such, could not invest it; but the Clerk could lend it and realize to the Township more than by purchasing Debentures. The Council never lent one dollar of the money.

Mr. Stokes replied, it would be easy to prove he was but acting as the agent of the Council. They could not hold the Clerk responsible for a single cent of this money, if by any unforeseen circumstance it was lost.

Mr. Eves thought otherwise; and considered either the Treasurer or his bondsmen holden for every copper.

The Clerk—Yes, to account for it either by mortgages, notes, or the cash.

Mr. Nichols had talked with Mr. Holborn, the late Councilman for the Ward he represented, and that gentleman contended for the same views as expressed by Mr. Eves. But he (Mr. N.) was satisfied they could not legally loan the money on private security, through their Clerk or as a Council.

Mr. Souls said the money heretofore had realized about 10 per cent.; and he would be very sorry if they were not as capable of letting it as good advantage as their predecessors. If they could not, as he before remarked, they had better retire from the Council Board and give place to the old members.—There could be no difficulty in the matter.

The subject then dropped with the understanding that the Treasurer was to pursue his former course in lending this money.

A By-Law was then adopted, in reference to the petition from Queensville, in accordance with the prayer thereof.

On motion of Mr. Eves, seconded by Mr. Souls, the Auditors for 1858, were ordered to be paid \$1 50 cts. each.

After dinner, a communication was read from the Bureau of Agriculture, stating that \$29 95 cts, awaited the order of the Municipality, to be expended on roads and bridges.

After passing a printing account from the *Era* and *Colonist* offices, the Council adjourned, to meet at the call of the Reeve.

Death by Lightning.

We regret to record the death of a young woman by lightning, on the 18th inst., by the name of Rosanna Daly, daughter of Charles Daly, of the 4th Con.-of King, while attending school. It appears, that during a severe storm on that day, the School House was struck by lightning—the current passing through the West corner of the building, and striking the unfortunate young woman on the shoulder. She died in a very few minutes after. Dr. Pyne, Coroner, was summoned to hold an inquest, when the following evidence was taken before the jury:—

Wm. L. Matthews, teacher of the School, being sworn, said—About three o'clock, on the afternoon of the 18th inst., Rosanna Daly was sitting in the school-house, and the lightning entered at the West end of the building near where she sat—knocked off some of the plaster and broke the woodwork, and struck the deceased on the abdomen. She remained in a sitting position, but appeared drooping. Her pulse beat from five to eight minutes after the shock. Witness does not think she breathed at all after. He immediately went to her and laid her on her back on the floor and placed her head on some articles of dress. She never moved. Rachel Webb, another pupil of the school, was hurt by the same stroke; but was taken home shortly after by her Uncle, apparently not much injured. Another little girl named Hannah Stephenson was also slightly injured.

The jury returned a verdict of "accidental death by lightning."

It is said the teacher acted with great prudence, and deeply laments the loss to his school, occasioned by this melancholy circumstance.

Mr. McCleod's Letters.

The above gentleman has been writing a series of letters and publishing them in the *Toronto Freeman*. The last one refers to the relation of the Irish Catholics to the Upper Canada Reform party, who, Mr. McCleod says, hold in common the following political views:

First. Hostility to Toryism.
Second. The Voluntary Principle.
Third. The widest extension of popular suffrage.
Fourth. Non-interference of Imperial authorities in our domestic affairs.
Fifth. Economy in expenditure, and reduction in taxation.

In the last letter, too, we find the following recapitulation of preceding letters:

1. For Lower Canada we are agreed, that the natural political association of Irish Catholics is with the liberal and progressive French Canadians, and all the tolerant Protestant Reformers of every origin in Lower Canada.

2. For Upper Canada, we have obtained the result, that common principles and common interests alike, lead the Irish Catholic to-day, as they did before the sectarian war broke out, into the Reform ranks—there to contend for constitutional changes, which will give to responsible government, not in name merely, but in fact.

3. That all the political religious issues, possible, between us and our Protestant fellow subjects are much more likely to be wisely and well settled by our steadfast adhesion to the Reform party, East and West, than by the division of our strength upon opposite policies, and between candidates whose votes if elected, most neutralize one another.

These three points my dear sir, sum up what we so often discussed together, and all that at your suggestion, I agreed to place in detail before the public. The policy here advocated, is been called so far as we are concerned "the policy of Conciliation," and I proudly accept the title. It is a good word, and bespeaks a spirit wise, tolerant, and just. But it was not to be expected that even so excellent a design, as the reunion of the old Reform party, could be accomplished without opposition. It has been opposed, and I am glad of it. We will see now who are the true wheat, and who the chaff. We will separate the chaff, the impracticable and the unjust, from amongst us, and with well ordered ranks, recruited with honest men, we will go on from victory to victory.

Correspondence.

We wish to distinctly understand that we are not responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

More Court-Martialing.

To the Editor of the New Era.

Sin—Injustice, in whatever shape and by whomsoever committed, is to be reprobated, and where it is combined with positive cruelty, should be avenged. The Press is the best medium to draw attention to social disorders, and the writer would esteem it a favor if the following instance of oppression be made known.—

Other steps may yet be taken to bring the matter to an issue and to test the validity of the sentence.

A man by the name of Horly was warned to attend the annual muster of militia. His wife was so seriously ill that she could not leave her bed—and as a matter of course, he could not, in consequence be present at the training (2).

These facts were stated in open court, and when one of the magistrates on the Bench applied to the Constable to mitigate the costs, he unfeeling refused. So the law (1) must take its course—the man must be sent to jail, to the utter destruction of his family; I may say, starvation unless some one come forward. The alternative is fearful. This is law with a vengeance, but not equity or mercy.

These proceedings have excited in the minds of the inhabitants of this community universal disgust, mingled with feelings of commiseration for the unfortunate victim of the law, which has been pushed with an industry and cruelty worthy of a Jeffery, by the commanding officer. Can any other term be employed than cruelty when the discretionary powers of the Colonel are of such a character as to absolve any one who has an imperative or reasonable excuse?

I am glad to say, however, that I believe these proceedings carried so far, are obnoxious to those who are compelled to adjudicate thereon.

I am, Sir,
Yours, &c.,
H. C. C.

Holland Landing, July 18, 1859.

(We are glad to learn from the concluding paragraph of the foregoing letter, that the magistrates were opposed to the iniquitous proceedings they are compelled by law to carry out.—If men are only made soldiers by law, we fear for the credit of the militia of a certain battalion.—Ed. *Era*.)

For the New Era.

TO THE MEMORY OF
THOMAS MURPHY
(SON OF TEMPERANCE) DECEASED IN BRITAIN, ON THE 26TH JUNE, 1859.

This day, in God's most holy fear,
I write the memory of my friend;
He's gone, and is no longer here,
Mournful, indeed, has been his end.

Three little flowers he leaves behind,
As beautiful as the garden's yield;
His widow with a broken mind,
What grief and woe has death revealed.

Not stained with sin was Thomas gone,
Nor bitter grudge, nor morbid cries;
The earthworm grunts he's put on,
A fair and harmless corpse he lies.

In him, myself I clearly see,
When'er the shade of death shall come;
May I like him in peace expire,
What God's determined, shall be done.

No mournful sighs nor parting groans
Were heard, when he gave up his breath;
And so we go to meet the tomb,
Of all that is prepared for death.

Oh! may his little ones arise,
In their dear mother's tender care;
Though fathers, dear, do death now live,
And let his bride his grief to bear.

Long, Thomas, thou hast been my friend,
And friendship lived to thee I've bore;
But thou art passed thro' the mournful end,
That is this day to us before.

We did not live to disagree;
We shall live in worship meet;
This day I write these lines for thee,
That long the living may repeat.

Oh! that this day we may improve
That I brought our neighbor to his end;
And think upon our last remove,
When we must hasten like our friend.

Oh! may his little ones be blest,
That I left in their dear mother's care;
And may she find a lasting rest,
That has such piercing grief to bear.

May all that did with Thomas toil,
The master and the servant too,
Prepara with death to reconcile,
Not knowing but our days are few.

Oh! may the living live in fear,
Unknown to us the time to die;
Nor when like Thomas, we'll appear,
For, like to him, in death we'll lie.

He's left the world without a stain—
That's known to me—he's left behind;
Therefore, I've wrote down his name,
In time to come his children find.

A FUNERAL HYMN.
Oh! could we raise a voice to sing,
And with the solemn tones of prayer;
This day we use the future bring,
The day that Thomas had to bear.

Altho' his eyes are closed in sleep,
Nor shall they wake to see no more;
He's left his dearest friend to weep,
With grief she did not know before.

May kindred friends to her be nigh,
And know he's been with others joined;
And cut into these wounds apply,
And keep alive poor Tommy's mind.

May food and raiment freely flow;
The widow's blessings may attend;
And that by love her friends shall know,
Nor shall her blessings ever end.

D. WILSON.

Arrival of the Weser.

New York, July 16.

The Weser from Southampton on the 4th has arrived.

Mr. Milner Gibson has accepted the Presidency of the Board of Trade, declined by Mr. Cobden.

VIENNA, June 3rd.—The Piedmontese have surrounded Peschiera. A French division had been sent south to join the corps of Prince Napoleon.

VIENNA, Saturday morning, 10 o'clock.—The following telegraphic news reached us:—On June 23rd.—The Austrians had abandoned the line of the Mincio, and fallen back on Verona, after having burnt the bridges at Monzambano, Valleggio, and Goito. The total loss of the second Austrian army at Solferino, was 230 officers, and 9,000 privates killed and wounded. About 4,000 were missing, most of whom had returned. The Austrians lost 5 guns.

MILAN, or TREVISO, July 1st.—The Legion of Garibaldi, and the division of Gen. Cialdini are maneuvering so as to close up the whole valley of the Adige, in order that they may render themselves masters of the Lago di Garda, and also to isolate Verona from Padua.

BERNE, July 2nd.—A body of Chasseurs des Alpes, 5,000 strong, has arrived at Parma under the command, it is said, of General Garibaldi himself.

TREVISO, 3rd.—An English steamer coming from Liverpool, announces that on the 28th ult. a disturbance took place in Messina, four Sardinian war steamers were at Messina, of which three had left for the Adriatic Sea. Off anchor there were four English ships of the line, with three steamers.

BERNE, July 3rd.—According to reliable information, Field Marshal Windischy is expected here this evening, on a special mission coming from the Emperor.

MILAN, July 3rd.—On account of the want of money for war purposes, an extraordinary diet has been convoked for the 14th July inst.

FRANKFORT, 2nd.—At the sitting of the Federal diet, the proposal of Prussia to place corps of observation on the Upper Rhine was almost unanimously agreed to. Several deputies were without instructions.

A letter from Rome of the 28th, asserts that an enquiry into the disturbances at Perugia, had been ordered.

An official communication has been published of the reported liberation of criminals at Rome. A circular publication on the temporal power of the Pope, and an address by his Holiness to Cardinals in legations have been issued, both expressing confidence in the Emperor of the French.

PARIS, 2nd.—Rentes closed at 63 1/2 and 35 centimes, being a quarter higher than yesterday.

INDIA AND CHINA.

The dissatisfaction among the European troops is rapidly subsiding. Many rebel leaders of note have taken advantage of the amnesty. The news is still at large.

The Panjab quiet.

The *Alma* grounded at Moschegra, near the Hounsh Islands, in the Red Sea, on the 12th June. The mails, passengers, and crew were saved. It was believed that the vessel's bottom had not been injured, and that she would be got off.

LATEST.

JULY 4th.—The steamer *Africa*, from New York, arrived off Liverpool last night. Consols for account 93 1/2.

SATURDAY EVENING.—The English funds opened this morning at a decline of 4, and maintained without alteration to the official close. The first sales in consols were at 93 1/2 to 93, and the last, after the regular termination of business, at 93 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, July 2nd.—Breadstuffs and provisions are dull.

Arrival of the Indian and Borussia.

FARTHER POINT, C. E. July 17.

The steamer *Indian* passed this point at 3 p.m. She left Liverpool at noon on the 6th inst.

business, but that is not likely now that the Americans are gone. The fact appears to be that Louis Napoleon is not unwilling that the Romans should be free, but is afraid of the effects at home. It is an awkward position in which he is placed, it must be confessed, and the Sardinian Commissioner's scheme is an ingenious way of getting out of the difficulty for the present. —Globe.

Mr. Vickers, of the Northern Express, Toronto, despatched last week, by the Steamer "Revere," a special messenger to Fort William. We believe his intention is, if possible, to establish a regular express line to the Red River, during the season of Navigation, and we certainly trust that his exertions will be attended with success, as in addition to the gradual aid such spirited enterprise must prove to the opening up of our North West Country, now every year coming more into notice, it cannot but prove, as well, a great boon to the residents on the shores of Lake Huron and Superior.

Special Notice.

If you are sick, the probability is that the food of your suffering is a weak stomach. From a weak stomach proceed dyspepsia, languor, oppression in the chest, gas, jaundice, headache, nervousness, irritability, and a legion of other tormenting diseases. Indigestion produces thin blood, and therefore destroys the strength and vigor of the system. To restore the tone of the stomach, and enable it to throw off and assimilate food, is the first and most important step in the treatment of all the foregoing and dangerous complaints. It is necessary that a powerful tonic of blood and a German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia. There is no mistake, no failure in their curative effects. See Advertisement.

TORONTO MARKETS.

WHEAT.—An interesting approach, a good deal of anxiety prevailing with regard to the prices which the growing crop are expected to bring. At present prices are very low—today's supply changing hands at 54 1/2 per bushel, and the market all round as dull as possible. One of the principal wheat buyers in this city, who has studied the subject closely, gives it as his opinion that the rates for the new crop are likely to be still lower than at present, should we have to depend on Europe for a market. His calculation is made on the war. According to the latest advices, large supplies of wheat have been poured into the Liverpool market from France and other countries. In one week 40,000 quarters of wheat and 25,000 sacks of flour were received in Liverpool from France alone. The present Liverpool quotations for Canadian wheat are 9s 3d a 10s 6d—or say at an average of 10s per 100 lbs. This would be equal to 7s 6d per 70 lbs., and it must be remembered, the current rate at a profit when the market is being so abundantly supplied that in all probability rates will decline; but even taking 7s per 70 lbs. to be the current rate after harvest, buyers in the city could not afford to pay more than about 4s 6d per bushel, for wheat brought for shipment to that market. Wheat brought here at that figure would cost less than in Liverpool at 9s 3d per 70 lbs., including all charges. This, it will be seen, renders quite clearly on the present Liverpool quotations, and should we have to depend on the European market, prices must necessarily recede still further. But if, as has been the case during the past two years, we find a States' market for our surplus, then Farmers may look forward to a much better state of things.

Flour.—The market continues dull, with a feeling of depression. A day or two since, a sale of a round lot of 1,000 bbls was effected, but at what rate has not transpired. Superfine is now held at \$5 50 per bbl; Fancy \$6; and extra \$6 25. In New York, Michigan, Chicago and other market quotations are rapidly declining. During the past six or seven days a fall of 15c a 20c took place daily in the New York market, and in Chicago a fall of 25c per bushel had to be submitted to in the wheat market during the past ten days. —Globe.

NEWMARKET MARKETS.

Newmarket, July 22, 1859.
WHEAT, \$1 35 a \$1 45, best sample.
SPRING WHEAT, \$1 30 a \$1 35.
FLOUR, \$7 00.
OATS, 50c.
BAY, 10c.
PEAS, 70c a 80c.
POTATOES, 50c.
WHEAT, 25c a 26c.
BAY, 10c a 12c.
EGGS, 10c.
CHEESE, 12c a 15c.

Birth,
To Sharon, C. W., on the 16th instant, the lady of Dr. Reaney of a daughter.
In Newmarket, on the 19th inst., the wife of Mr. Martin Robinson of six daughters.
Died,
In King, on the 15th inst., Miss Jennie Dean, Sister of Mr. E. H. Dean, of Sharon—aged 29 years.

New Advertisements.

COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
Newmarket.
HEAD MASTER, S. A. MARLING,
OF UNIVERSITY COLLEGE.

THE Autumn Term of this Institution will commence on Monday, August 8th. Pupils desiring to enter on the day of opening is particularly requested.
The Preparatory Class, for such pupils as have not reached the standard prescribed for the entrance examination, will be retained.
N.B.—Mr. Marling's time for one or two additional private pupils.
Newmarket, July 20th, 1859. 3c-23

CAUTION.
WHEREAS, my wife, ELLIS BARCKO, has left my house without just cause or provocation, the public are hereby cautioned against trusting her on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debt she may contract.
JAMES BRECKON.
East Gwillimbury, July 20th, 1859. 3c-23

A CARD.
THE Undersigned begs to return his sincere thanks to his many friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since commencing business in this place and most respectfully adhering to the principle of dealing honestly and giving value for money.
JAMES NIXON.
Newmarket, July 20, 1859. 1c-21

TEAS! TEAS!
THE Subscriber has always on hand a well selected stock of Black and Green Teas, Highly Flavored.
Ogden, Wines, Brandy, Liquor, and Provision, All of which he is determined to sell cheap for CASH.
JAS. NIXON.
Newmarket, July 20, 1859. 1c-21

LIQUORS! LIQUORS!
IF you want pure unadulterated Wines, Brandy, or Liquors, Levee and call at the NEW GROCERY STORE,
Corner of Mill and Main Street, London Potter and XX ALE always on hand.
Butter, Eggs, Hams, Bacon
And all other Farm Produce, taken in exchange for Groceries.
JAS. NIXON.
Newmarket, July 20, 1859. 1c-21

THE "GLOBE"
IS larger than all the other Newspapers in Toronto, United, and Advertising Medium in it.
Unequalled in Canada.
Merchants, Millers, Manufacturers, &c., will find it to their advantage to advertise in the "GLOBE."
Toronto, July 19, 1859.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



SUGAR! SUGAR!

IF you want a first rate article of SUGAR for making preserves, go to

Simpson & Trent's,
MAIN STREET, Newmarket.
July 19, 1859. 1c-23

NEW ERA BOOK STORE,

Main Street Newmarket.

JUST RECEIVED, a new supply of superior bound

BLANK BOOKS

Rule for Dollars and Cents, or I. S. D., such as, Ledger, 4, 5, 6, and 10 quires,
Day Books, from 2 to 8 quires,
Copy Books, do do
MINUTE BOOKS,
Suitable for Lodge Meetings, Institutes, &c., &c., from 2 to 8 quires, plain and blue ruled. Also, an excellent assortment of

MEMORANDUM BOOKS,

Pocket Ledger, Time Books, Pass Books, Copy Books, &c., &c., in various styles, Penholders, and a general stock of

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Also, Music Paper, Music Books, (plain and pointed), together with,
Pencilcase, Letter, Post, Pot and Note Papers,
Envelopes and Fancy Stationery.

UP A CALL IN RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED. ED
New Era Office,
Newmarket, July 18, 1859. 1c-23

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS!

PREPARED from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen. This well known medicine is an infallible, pure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, they contain nothing harmful to the constitution.

To Married Ladies
It is particularly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity. The Pills have never been known to fail where the directions of the 2nd page of Pamphlet are well observed.

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free of the agent.

A. B.—\$1 and 50-penny stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills, by return mail.
N.B.—\$1.00 enclosed to the General Agents, Newmarket, C. W., insured a bottle of the Pills by return mail.

For sale by,
M. W. BOGART, Newmarket.
JOHN BENTLEY, Do.
C. DOAN & Co., Sharon.
Wm. Moore, Newmarket.
H. D. ELLIS, Lloydstown.
July 18, 1859. 1c-23

OUR PRODUCE TRADE.

12,000 LBS.,
OF Butter in stock, less about two tons and still left. It is now generally understood that it was all packed in faking, or in some other way not enough, fresh rolls to supply the market. Mr. Jackson, sympathized so much for, and laid a very incorrect statement before them, in his most valuable paper last week, (the 14th inst.) which, with the unpleasant duty of fault finding, and

But I think it is done without any compulsion whatever, and is done with a hearty and free good will, and otherwise he would have less complaints, and fault-finding, such as in better question and many others.

But at Bogart's Store, there can be found a good assortment of

HARVEST IMPLEMENTS.

Such as Cradles, Snakes, Rakes, and Forks, &c.

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

And Clothing made to order on the shortest notice, and made and cut by experienced workmen, to give satisfaction to the purchaser.

W. BOGART,
Corner of Main & Timothy Streets,
Newmarket, July 20, 1859. 1c-23

Information Wanted,

O. JAMES O'CONNOR, who left his father on the 19th of July, was last seen at the Village of Aurora. He is about 9 years old, and came out about one year from Ireland. He had on a brownish coat and grey pants, when leaving home. Any information regarding his whereabouts will be thankfully received by his parents at Newmarket.

PATRICK O'CONNOR.
Newmarket, July 19, 1859. 1c-23

House and Lot for Sale.

FOR SALE an excellent Village Lot, situated on the North side of the Ontario Street, containing one quarter of an acre. There is a good Plank House erected on the premises; and from its close proximity to the business part of the village, makes it a desirable residence for a Laborer or Mechanic. The Lot is now planted with Potatoes, Cabbage, &c., will be sold with the premises.

For terms—see case.
Mr. T. ROWEN, on the premises, or at this office.
Newmarket, July 19, 1859. 1c-23

W. C. ADAMS,

Surgeon Dentist, 59 King-street East, south side, third door west from Church-street.

Advertisements! Advertisements!
THE "GLOBE"
IS larger than all the other Newspapers in Toronto, United, and Advertising Medium in it.
Unequalled in Canada.
Merchants, Millers, Manufacturers, &c., will find it to their advantage to advertise in the "GLOBE."
Toronto, July 19, 1859.

GREAT
SEMI-ANNUAL
CLEARING SALE!

ON AND AFTER
FRIDAY, the 1st INSTANT,
THE Subscriber will commence selling off the remains of his Spring and Summer

STOCK,
CONSISTING OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE
CLOTHING!

Family and General Groceries,
HEAVY AND SHEEP
HARDWARE

Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty,
Dye Stuffs!

BOOTS & SHOES,
China, Glass and Earthenware,

REDUCED PRICES!
7 1/2 per Cent
DISCOUNT

Will be allowed on all Cash Purchases over one dollar.

To Continue for TWO MONTHS ONLY, in order to make way for

FALL PURCHASES.

Parties desirous of obtaining
NEW, CHEAP AND SEASONABLE
GOODS,
Would do well to call and examine for themselves previous to purchasing elsewhere.

ST. Rensselaer Sutherland's Old Stand, Water Street,
Newmarket, June 30, 1859. 1c-29

SCYTHIES,
CRADLES,
SNAKES,
RAKES,

HAY FORKS,
SCYTHES, STONES, &c., &c.

The subscriber has as usual the cheapest and best assortment of the ABOVE ARTICLES in Newmarket. Don't buy before examining them.

Wm. McMASTER, Jr.,
Main-st., Newmarket, June 30, 1859. 1c-29

R. FLEMING,

Saddle, Harness and Trunk Maker.
SIGN OF THE SADDLE AND COLLAR,
Main-st., Newmarket.

R. FLEMING in returning his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for the liberal patronage solicited a continuance. He received
PRIZE AT THE LATE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION, held in Toronto, for the manufacture of Harness, and therefore has every confidence in guaranteeing his work.

A choice assortment of Saddles, Bridles, and Harnesses.

At every description of Whips, &c., &c., constantly kept on hand, as he is determined to give his friends and customers who favor him with their custom, articles of the best quality and newest style.

At Moderate Charges.
Call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, and you will be well paid for your trouble.

All Work Warranted.
H. H. D. S.

And suitable Farm Produce taken in exchange for Work.

EST. All Orders and Repairs done on the shortest notice. Remember the place,
Sign of the Saddle and Collar.

Main-st., Newmarket, July 7, 1859. 1c-20

TO RENT OR FOR SALE!

THOSE large and convenient premises, known as the "HOLE HOTEL," containing every convenience for

A First Class Hotel,
Situated opposite the Railway Station, which is considered one of the best business locations in the Northern Railway.

For further particulars, apply to Dr. Nesbitt, (at the latter, post paid) Newmarket.
Newmarket, May 19, 1859. 1c-14

LIME! LIME!

THE subscriber has recently established regular depots for Lime, manufactured at the Holland Landing Kilns, and sold at prices to suit the times.

Newmarket—Matthew Kennedy, Agent.
Aurora—John Webb, Agent.
Lime always on hand at the Kilns, and of the best quality.

HENRY BACON.
Holland Landing, June 23, 1859. 1c-20

Calf Strayed.

STRAYED, from the farm of Mr. Jas. Evans, S. Lot No. 3, Union St., East Gwillimbury, a

DARK BROWN COW,
Three years old—and of its age—and has very crooked hind legs.

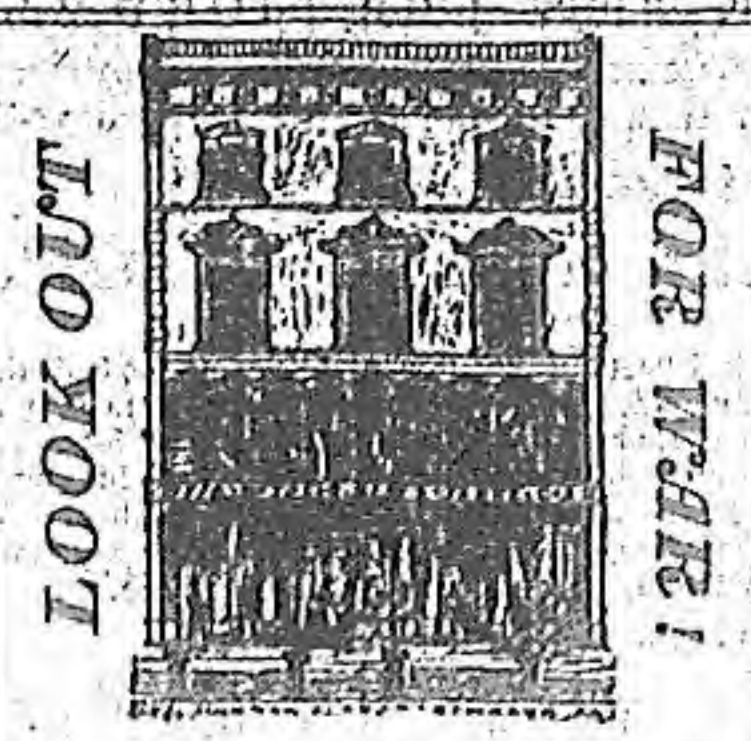
Any person giving information at the Sheriff's Office, Toronto, to John Maguire, Sharon, or at the New Era Office, Newmarket, as well as to its recovery, will be handsomely rewarded.

East Gwillimbury, July 19, 1859. 1c-19

FOR SALE or to Let,

A STABLE DWELLING HOUSE and TOWN LOT, situated on Main-st., in the Village of Newmarket. The premises are now—never having been occupied, and located in a very good locality for business.

Terms—One third cash; and the balance in five annual instalments. Apply to the undersigned, (if by letter post paid.)
B. LEE.
Newmarket, July 13, 1859. 1c-22



THE OLD KING ONCE MORE.

STAND ASIDE, GIVE HIM ROOM.

His Stock is Larger than
over!

His Prices Lower than ever!

And his determination greater than ever, to give his Loyal Subjects

BARGAINS,
GENUINE BARGAINS!

During these Hard Times. He now offers

Fast Prints from .. 4 1/2
Delaines from .. 6d.
Beautiful French Challs from .. 10s.
Muslin from .. 3 1/2
Muslin Dresses from .. 2s 6d.

And an immense Stock of New Dresses at corresponding prices.

Ladies' double width Mantle Cloths from 2s 3d
Hose from .. 4 1/2
Gloves from .. 3 1/2
Bonnet Ribbons from .. 5 1/2
Cap do. from .. 1d.

White Cottons, Factory Cottons, Striped Shirtings, Denims, and in fact the largest and best Stock of General Dry Goods in the City at the same rates.

OUR
MILLINERY STOCK
IS UNSURPASSED, IF EQUALLED

For Elegance, Variety, or Lowness of Price.

We invite special attention to our Stock of Mantles, Shawls, and Silks, which embrace all the latest Paris, London, and New York Novelties.

The Gentlemen's Department

In replete with all the Newest Fabrics of the Season, in Coatings, Trowsers, Vestings, and General Outfitting.

READY-MADE
CLOTHING,
IN GREAT VARIETY.

Garments made to measure in the most fashionable and approved styles. Gentlemen studying Economy as well as Elegance

will find it to their advantage to give us a trial.

REMEMBER THE SPOT,
THE
PANTECHNETHECA!!
HUTCHINSON'S!
HUTCHINSON'S!!
HUTCHINSON'S!!
Newmarket, May 16th, 1859. 1c-14

NEW GOODS
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER.

—oo—
FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS,
AT
JOHN BENTLEY'S,
OF THE
Newest Styles and Patterns
AT
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES!

Grain, Groceries,
Liquors,
Wines, &c.,
CHEAP and GOOD!

J. B.—Makes no Profession of
RUINOUS SACRIFICES,
BUT will offer GOODS
to Compare i—
Variety, Quality
AND
PRICE!
WITH ANY OF THE
PUFFING HOUSES!
Newmarket, April 18, 1859. 1c-11

EXAMINE BEFORE YOU BUY.

DURING THE PAST WEEK, the Subscriber has had LARGE ADDITIONS to his STOCK, to which he begs to Call the Attention of his Friends and the Public generally

Good Prints .. 4 1/2
Delaines from .. 6d.
Beautiful French Challs from .. 10s.
Muslin from .. 3 1/2
Muslin Dresses from .. 2s 6d.
And an immense Stock of New Dresses at corresponding prices.
Ladies' double width Mantle Cloths from 2s 3d
Hose from .. 4 1/2
Gloves from .. 3 1/2
Bonnet Ribbons from .. 5 1/2
Cap do. from .. 1d.
White Cottons, Factory Cottons, Striped Shirtings, Denims, and in fact the largest and best Stock of General Dry Goods in the City at the same rates.

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Men's SUMMER COATS, .. 6s. 3d. each.
Men's SUMMER PANTS, .. 5s. per pair.
Men's SUMMER VESTS, .. 4s. each.

THE WHOLE SUIT FOR 16s. 3d.
GOOD BONNET RIBBONS, from 7 1/2 per yard.

A Large Lot of Ladies' Brown Hats. A Large Lot of Bonnets at 1s. 3d. to 8s. 9d.
Black, Brown, and Colored Parasols. Gent's Shirts, Ties, Collars, & Handkerchiefs.

In the Grocery Department will be found
A GENERAL STOCK, consisting in part of
TEAS, of the Finest Brands. SUGARS, of the Best Quality.
COFFEES, of the Purest Description. PICKLES & SAUCES, best in market.
FRUITS, Fresh, Good, and Cheap.

Hardware and Cutlery, a General Assortment always on hand,
Embracing Table and Pocket Cutlery, Nails, Locks, Screws, &c., &c.; also,
PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY, GLASS, DYE-STUFFS, &c.

Most of these goods are of Late Importations, and selected by the Subscriber with a view to this market; he, therefore has every confidence in recommending the same to the public.

Call and Examine the Goods and Prices.
Farm Produce taken in Exchange for Goods,
Remember the place, opposite the Railroad Hotel,
MAIN-STREET NEWMARKET.
T. A. HARTON.
Newmarket, June 9, 1859. 1c-17

H. THOMPSON'S
SADDLE, HARNESS, AND TRUNK EMPORIUM.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully tenders his sincere thanks to his customers and the public generally, for the liberal patronage bestowed since his commencing business in Newmarket, and solicits a continuance of the same.

CARRIAGE TRIMMING,
Done in the Latest and Neatest Styles, and on the Shortest Notice.

A Superior assortment of all kinds of Articles in his line of Business, kept constantly on hand, as he is determined to give those who may favor him with their patronage, articles of the Very Best

Quality and Style at Moderate Charges.

All Work Warranted to give every satisfaction. Intending purchasers will find it to their advantage to call at his Saddlery, before selecting elsewhere.

HIDES AND FARM PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR WORK,
And all Orders and Repairs done on the Shortest Notice.

H. THOMPSON,
MAIN-ST., NEWMARKET.
May 10th, 1859. 1c-14

New Tailor Shop!

THE undersigned begs respectfully to inform the inhabitants of
NEWMARKET AND VICINITY,
That he has commenced business in the Tailoring Line in the Shop belonging to Mr. W. V. Southard, Opposite the Railway Hotel, Main Street, Where, by close application to business, and studying to please, he hopes to meet a share of public patronage.

ALL ORDERS PUNCTUALLY ATTENDED TO.
Garments cut to order on the shortest notice, in any style.
Newmarket, June 23, 1859. 1c-20

3 CASES,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Just Received from
BOSTON!

T. A. HARTON.
The Best place to select one of
Moore's Superior
IS AT
T. A. HARTON'S,
Who has on hand a large stock of PATENT
RAKES and GRAIN CRADLES, at moderate prices.
Newmarket, June 30, 1859. 1c-19

NEWMARKET
WOOLLEN FACTORY

THE Subscriber having taken the above establishment, lately occupied and operated by W. A. Clark, has repaired and refitted it in the most complete and perfect order, and is now prepared to manufacture every style and grade of goods usually made in such an establishment.

Wool will be manufactured for customers upon shares, or by the yard, as they may prefer, and particular attention will be given to this branch of the business with the determination to satisfy and please the public, and with skillful and experienced workmen, he has been most thoroughly and completely refitted with new Cards, and repaired in the most perfect order, and is now in full and complete operation.

Customers bringing their wool from a large distance to this establishment, may rely upon having it made to take back with them.

CASE FOR WOOL!
The Subscriber will pay the highest market price in Cash, for all the good clean Wool that may be offered, and intending to make the buying of Wool for Cash, a permanent business, he is anxious to secure to himself the establishment, by the paying of liberal prices, to make Newmarket one of the best wool markets in Canada.

Customers bringing their wool from a large distance to this establishment, may rely upon having it made to take back with them.

NEWMARKET, July 18, 1859. 1c-14

A CARD.

MRS. McCracken
RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Newmarket and vicinity, that she is prepared to
Stamp Embroidery and Brading.
Of any pattern or design. Orders respectfully received.
N. B.—Mrs. McC. will also teach Mrs. L. L. Watson's system of Dress Cutting by Measure.
Newmarket, July 7, 1859. 3c-21

Horses and Buggies for Sale!

FOR SALE—One Set of Matched Team Horses, and one open Carriage Buggy. Also, two Buggies, nearly new. The Team Horses can be seen at the farm of Mr. Geo. Vasson, Town Line, Whitby, and the Carriage Buggy at the residence of the subscriber. Terms reasonable.
J. W. HARRISON, M. D.
Aurora, July 4th, 1859. 3c-21

SMALL SHOP to Let, on Main Street—in a business locality. For particulars apply to, W. V. SOUTHARD, Builder.

Newmarket, July 7, 1859. 1c-21

Assignees Sale of VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

THE Assignees of O. Ford, after failure, on reasonable terms, the following valuable property, including the

NEWMARKET STEAM MILL,
situated near
2 Excellent Farms,

In a high state of cultivation and beautifully situated; also,
Brick Dwelling House,
And several Building Lots, in the thriving Incorporated VILLAGE OF NEWMARKET,

SALE BY
A Firm in the Township of East Gwillimbury, consisting of the East Halves of the East Halves of Lots No. 1 and 2, in the 2nd Concession, known as the "Kinty Farm," containing

100 ACRES
Well watered, and within half a mile of the Railway Depot at Newmarket. Also,
A Farm situated in the 4th Con. of East Gwillimbury, being composed of the North East part of Lot No. 22, containing

Newmarket Steam Mill.

that customers may take their grills home with them, and may depend on its being done promptly and first class work.

B. W. HOWARD,
B. WEST,
WM. WALLIS.

T. BOTSFORD,
April 13, 1899.
Newmarket, April 13, 1899.

CHEAP PERIODICALS.

"NO entertainment to
pleasure so lasti
—LEAF MONTAGUE.

Newspaper, Magazine and Book Depot.

AS L. NEWBORN,

MAIN-ST., NEWARK.

Keeps respectfully on hand
all the is prepared to
and regularity, ALL the
ary Papers, Magazines, &
terms. Conchially on
Little's Illustrated
Harper's Weekly,
New York Ledger
New York Herald
Scottish American
Magazine,
N. Y. Tribune, &
Times.

N. Y. Clippings, and Herald,
 N. Y. Dispatch, &c.,
 Illustrated London News,
 Do. Do. Times, &c.,
 Waverley Magazine,
 Blackwood's do. and the Reviews,
 Harper's, Godey's and Leslie's Magazines,
 Globe, Colonialist, &c.
 ALSO
 A choice collection of cheap reading always on
 hand.
 Papers and Magazines put in wrappers ready for
 mailing, without extra charge.
 Orders for any published work will receive
 prompt attention.
 Shop—Nearly opposite the Railroad Hotel.
 Newmarket, Jan'y 6, 1872. tf-4

For Sale,
 FOUR lots, beautifully situated on Niagara
 Street,—being part of the "Cricket Ground"
 at Newmarket.

Terms Easy for parties ordering of the
 undersigned at George Street, near S. W. Hall
 Jan. Esq. P. L. S. Newmarket.
 JOHN RYAN.
 Newmarket, March 10th, 1859.

NOTICE.
 TO all to whom it may concern, take notice that
 Mr. Geo. Dowdall has assigned to us all the
 Books, notes and securities connected with the
 estate lately carried on by him in the name of
 Geo. Dowdall, and that the debt must be paid to Mr. Fitch, our
 agent, at Newmarket, without delay, or he will
 be put in possession of the same.
 HOWLAND, FITCH, & Co.
 February 13th, 1859.

Labour Saved!

THE Public are notified that the undersigned has been appointed agent for Newmarket and Vicinity, for the sale of the

Canadian Family Sewing Machine

Families are invited to call and see them in operation. Every information will be given, and parties satisfied that the Machines are full of utility are represented.

The Best Family Machine Now in Use

JOHN TOWNLEY,
Merchant Tailor, on Timothy-St., in rear of Bishopson and Trent.

Newmarket, Jan. 15, 1852.

To Builders and Persons Building

WINDOW SASH & PANELLED DOORS
Which he is prepared to sell at the lowest reasonable prices. He is also prepared to give any and every description of Sash or Panel work on the most liberal terms, or erect Buildings and lay out the grounds of others. Also, having a superior set of
JACKSCREWS,
Together with Tackles, Caprons, &c., for removing or raising Buildings, is prepared to take contracts for the same.
Wm. V. SOUTHAUD,
Farmmarket, July 7, 1857.

1. Raise Buildings, of any description, would
well to call on

Stephen Webster

As he has all the tools necessary for the above pro-
cess, which he will sell on the following terms:-

Jack Screws, each	-	-	£0	2	6	per cent.
Rollers per set	-	-	-	5	0	do
Tackles,	-	-	-	0	10	do

Bring only one-half the price usually charged
for the price. The material is also ready to be
transferred for erection, moving certain of the
of all descriptions.

STEPHEN WEBSTER

Newmarket, July 17, 1857



NEWMARKET
Stove, Copper, Tin, Iron
and Japan
WAREHOUSE

[Returning thanks for the liberal patronage]

It moved to the firm of HORNE & CO., the undersigned respectfully intimate to their customers and the public generally that the business will henceforth be conducted by

J. & J. HODGEE

And having lately purchased these commodious premises lately occupied by Mrs. SARAH BARNES, the undersigned has the honor to announce that he will be constantly on hand a large assortment of

COOKING, PARLOR AND BOX STOVE

Of the newest designs and latest patterns; Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware; Cistern Pumps, Lead Piping.

Also, a new Sheet Iron Ware manufactory to order in the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

Persons wishing to purchase anything in the
of business, will find it greatly to their ad-
vantage to call and examine this Stock before select-
elsewhere.

IT OFF Cast Iron, Copper, Brass, Pewter, L-
Bage, Sheet-plate, Furs of every description,
Farm Produce, taken in exchange for Goods.

J. & J. HODGKINSON
Newmarket, Dec. 25, 1856.

THE NEW ERA
13
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

ERASTUS JACKSON,
At his Office, corner of Mill and Main Streets,
NEW MARKET.
TERMS—Ts. 6d. per monthly Advance of Mail
or paid.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Six lines and under, first insertion,	0 2
Each subsequent insertion,	0 1
Six to ten lines, first insertion,	0 3
Each subsequent insertion,	0 2
Eleven to twenty lines, first insertion,	0 4
Each subsequent insertion,	0 3
For each line above ten,	0 0
Each subsequent insertion,	0 0
Cards, per year,	1 5

Advertisements, unaccompanied
with instructions, will be inserted till
ordered otherwise.